## Number and Place Value

- Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit
- Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000
- Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through 0
- Round any number up to $1,000,000$ to the nearest $10,100,1,000,10,000$ and 100,000
- Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
- Read Roman numerals to $1,000(\mathrm{M})$ and recognise years written in Roman numerals


## Addition and Subtractions

- Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
- Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers (e.g. 12462-2300 = 10162)
- Add and subtract decimals with up to three decimal places (duplicate from Fractions)
- Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
- Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why


## Position and Direction

- Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed including using a 2D grid and coordinates in the first quadrant. Reflection should be in lines that are parallel to the axis.


## Statistics

- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems usinginformation presented in a line graph
- Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables


## Fractions

- Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
- Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number [for example, $2 / 5+4 / 5=6 / 5=11 / 5$ ]
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, anddenominators that are multiples of the same number
- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
- Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71=71 / 100$ ]
- Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- Round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number and to1 decimal place
- Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places
- Solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places
- Recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per 100', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 , and as a decimal fraction
- Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5,2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25


## End of Year Expectations



## Mathematics

## Year 5

## Measurements

- Convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre]
- Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinea shapes in centimetres and metres
- Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ and square metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$, and estimate the area of irregular shape
- Estimate volume [for example, using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]
- Solve problems involving converting between units of time
- Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling


## Multiplication and Division

- Identify multiples and factors, including finding all facto pairs of a number, and common factors of 2 numbers
- Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- Multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts
- applying all multiplication tables \& division facts frequently
- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders (including remainders as fractions, decimals \& rounding) appropriately for the context
- Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals up to three decimal places by 10, 100 and 1,000
- Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared $\left(^{2}\right)$ and cubed $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$
- Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
- Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates


## Properties of Shape

- Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
- Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ )using conventional markings for parallel lines and right angles
- Identify:
angles at a point and 1 whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ )
angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) - $\quad$ other multiples of $90^{\circ}$
use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

